### Products

**Name**: Surgical Mask  
**Manufacturer**: Guangdong Taibao Medical Science Technology Co., Ltd.  
**Address**: Yingge Mountain Avenue North, Yingge Mountain Industrial Park, Puning City, Guangdong Province, P.R. China.

### Test Information:

**Test Location**: TÜV SÜD Products Testing (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.  
**Test Address**: B-3/4, No. 1999 Du Hui Road, Minhang District Shanghai 201108, P. R. China.  
**Standard**: ASTM F2100 Standard Specification for Performance of Materials Used in Medical Face Masks  
**Test procedure**: FDA

The classification of medical face masks according to the ASTM F2100

#### TABLE 1 Medical Face Mask Material Requirements by Performance Level

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th>Level 1</th>
<th>Level 2</th>
<th>Level 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Barrier</td>
<td>Barrier</td>
<td>Barrier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bacterial filtration efficiency, %</td>
<td>≥95</td>
<td>≥98</td>
<td>≥98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential pressure, mm H₂O/cm²</td>
<td>&lt;5.0</td>
<td>&lt;6.0</td>
<td>&lt;6.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-micron particulate filtration efficiency at 0.1 micron, %</td>
<td>≥95</td>
<td>≥98</td>
<td>≥98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resistance to penetration by synthetic blood, minimum pressure in mm Hg for pass result</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flame spread</td>
<td>Class 1</td>
<td>Class 1</td>
<td>Class 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Classification:  
- □ Level 1  
- □ Level 2  
- ☑ Level 3

After testing, the surgical masks meet the requirements of **Level 3** in ASTM F2100 standard. Refer to the following specific reports for detailed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance</th>
<th>Test report No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bacterial Filtration Efficiency (BFE)</td>
<td>721653065-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential pressure</td>
<td>721653065-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-micron particulate filtration efficiency at 0.1 micron, %</td>
<td>721653065-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synthetic Blood Penetration</td>
<td>721653065-8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Test Report No.: 721653065-7
Report Date: 2 April 2020

SUBJECT
Microbiological Test

TEST LOCATION
TÜV SÜD China
TÜV SÜD Products Testing (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
B-3/4, No.1999 Du Hui Road, Minhang District
Shanghai 201108, P.R. China

CLIENT NAME
Guangdong Taibao Medical Science And Technology CO.,LTD.

CLIENT ADDRESS
Yingge Mountain Avenue North, Yingge Mountain Industrial Park, Puning City, Guangdong Province.

TEST PERIOD
13-Mar-2020~31-Mar-2020

Prepared By
Authorized By
(Belia Xu)
Report Drafter

Chemical/Microbiology Laboratory:
TÜV SÜD Products Testing (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
B-3/4, No.1999 Du Hui Road, Minhang District
Shanghai 201108, P.R. China
Phone: +86 (21) 6037 6375
Fax: +86 (21) 6037 8545
Email: food.china@tuv-sud.cn
Webpage: www.tuv-sud.cn

Regional Head Office:
TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing
China Co., Ltd.
No.151 Hong Tong Road Shanghai
200070, P.R.China

Note: (1) General Terms & Conditions as mentioned overleaf. (2) The results relate only to the items tested. (3) The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the laboratory. (4) Without the agreement of the laboratory, the client is not authorized to use the test results for unapproved propagands.
Bacterial Filtration Efficiency (BFE) Test

1. Purpose
   For evaluating the Bacterial Filtration Efficiency (BFE) of medical face mask material.

2. Sample description was given by the client
   Surgical Mask
   Size: 17.5*9.5cm
   Model: non-sterile
   Lot/Batch#: 20200202

3. References
   ASTM F2101-2019

4. Apparatus and materials
   4.1 Staphyloccocus aureus ATCC 6538
   4.2 Peptone water
   4.3 Tryptic Soy Broth(TSB)
   4.4 Tryptic Soy Agar(TSA)
   4.5 Bacterial filtration efficiency test apparatus
   4.6 Six-stage viable particle Anderson sampler
   4.7 Flow meters

5. Test specimen
   5.1 As requested by client, take a total of 5 test specimens.
   5.2 Prior to testing, condition all test specimens for a minimum of 4 h at (21±5)°C and (85±5)% relative humidity.

6. Procedure
   6.1 Preparation of the bacterial challenge: Dilute the culture in peptone water to achieve a concentration of approximately 5×10^7 CFU/mL.
   6.2 Adjust the flow rate through the Anderson sampler to 23.3 L/min.
   6.3 Deliver the challenge to the nebulizer using a syringe pump. Purge tubing and nebulizer of air bubbles.
   6.4 Perform a positive control run without a test specimen to determine the number of viable aerosol particles being generated. The mean particle size (MPS) of the aerosol will also be calculated form the results of these positive control plates.
   6.4.1 Initiate the aerosol challenge by turning on the air pressure and pump connected to the nebulizer. Immediately begin sampling the aerosol using the Anderson sampler.
   6.4.2 Time the challenge suspension to be delivered to the nebulizer for 1 min.
   6.4.3 Time the air pressure and Anderson sampler to run for 2 min.
   6.4.4 At the conclusion of the positive control run, remove plates from the Anderson sampler.
   6.5 Place new agar plates into Anderson sampler and clamp the test specimen into the top of the Anderson sampler, with the inside of the specimen in contrast with the challenge.
   6.6 Repeat the challenge procedure for each test specimen.
   6.7 Repeat a positive control after completion of the sample set.
   6.8 Perform a negative control run by collecting a 2 min sample of air from the aerosol chamber. No bacterial challenge should be pumped into the nebulizer during the collection of the negative control.
   6.9 Incubate agar plates at (35±2)°C for (48±4) h.
   6.10 Count each of the six-stage plates of the Anderson sampler.
7. Calculation
Total the count from each of the six plates for the test specimens and positive controls, as specified by the manufacturer of Anderson sampler. The filtration efficiency percentages are calculated as follows:

\[ \text{BFE} = \frac{C - T}{C} \times 100 \]

Where:
- \( C \) = average plate count total for positive controls
- \( T \) = plate count total for sample

8. Test results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Items*</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
<th>Test Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bacterial Filtration Efficiency (BFE)(%)</td>
<td>1 &gt;99.9</td>
<td>ASTM F2101-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Staphylococcus aureus</strong></td>
<td>2 &gt;99.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATCC 6538</td>
<td>3 &gt;99.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 &gt;99.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 &gt;99.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:
1. Control average: 1842 CFU.
2. Mean particle size: 3.0 µm.
3. Testing side: outside of specimen
4. Testing area: 39.5 cm².
5. The test results issued by the testing institution as requested by the consignor, it shall not determine the legitimacy of the product.
6. * denotes this test was carried out by external laboratory assessed as competent.
7. This report is for internal use only such as internal scientific research, education, quality control, product R&D.

-END OF THE TEST REPORT-
SUBJECT

Physical Test

TEST LOCATION
TUVD SÜD China
TUV SÜD Products Testing (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
B-3/4, No.1999 Du Hui Road, Minhang District
Shanghai 201108, P.R. China

CLIENT NAME
Guangdong Taibao Medical Science And Technology CO., LTD.

CLIENT ADDRESS
Yingge Mountain Avenue North, Yingge Mountain Industrial Park, Puning City, Guangdong Province.

TEST PERIOD
13-Mar-2020 ~ 31-Mar-2020

Prepared By

(Bella Xu)
Report Drafter

Authorized By

(Leo Liu)
Authorized Signatory

Note: (1) General Terms & Conditions as mentioned on these folios. (2) The results relate only to the items tested. (3) The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the laboratory. (4) Without the agreement of the laboratory, the client is not authorized to use the test results for unapproved purposes.
Differential pressure of a medical face mask

1. Purpose

The purpose of the test was to measure the differential pressure of a medical face mask.

2. Sample description was given by the client

Surgical Mask
Size: 17.5*9.5cm
Model: non-sterile
Lot/Batch#: 20200202

3. References

MIL-M-36954C

4. Apparatus

Differential pressure testing instrument

5. Test specimen

5.1 Test specimen are complete masks or shall be cut from masks. Each specimen shall be able to provide 5 different circular test areas of 2.5 cm in diameter.

5.2 Each test specimen shall be conditioned at (21±5)°C and (65±5) % relative humidity for the time required to bring them into equilibrium with atmosphere prior to testing.

6. Procedure

6.1 The test specimen is placed across the 2.5 cm diameter orifice (total area 4.9 cm²) and clamped into place so as to minimize air leaks and that the tested area of the specimen will be in line and across the flow of air.

6.2 The pump is started and the that tested area of the specimen will be in line and across the flow of air.

6.3 The manometers M1 and M2 are read and recorded.

6.4 The procedure described in steps 6.1~6.3 is carried out on 5 different areas of the mask and readings averaged.

7. Calculation

For each test specimen calculate the different pressure $\Delta P$ as follows:

$$\Delta P = \frac{(X_{m1}-X_{m2})}{4.9}$$

$X_{m1}$ is pressure in Pa, manometer M1, mean of 5 test areas, low pressure side of the material;

$X_{m2}$ is pressure in Pa, manometer M2, mean of 5 test areas, high pressure side of the material;

4.9 is the cm² area of the test material;

$\Delta P$ is the different pressure per cm² of the test material expressed in Pa.
8. Test results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Items*</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
<th>Test Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Different Pressure Test (mmH2O/cm²)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:
1.*denotes this test was carried out by external laboratory assessed as competent.
2.This report is for internal use only such as internal scientific research, education, quality control, product R&D.

-END OF THE TEST REPORT-
SUBJECT: Physical Test

TEST LOCATION: TÜV SÜD China
TÜV SÜD Products Testing (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
B-3/4, No.1999 Du Hui Road, Minhang District
Shanghai 201108, P.R. China

CLIENT NAME: Guangdong Taibao Medical Science And Technology CO., LTD.
CLIENT ADDRESS: Yingge Mountain Avenue North, Yingge Mountain Industrial Park, Puning City, Guangdong Province.


Prepared By: Bella Xu
Report Drafter

Authorized By: Led Li
Authorized Signatory

Note: (1) General Terms & Conditions as mentioned overleaf. (2) The results relate only to the items tested. (3) The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the laboratory. (4) Without the agreement of the laboratory, the client is not authorized to use the test results for unapproved propaganda.
Initial Efficiency of materials used in medical face mask to Penetration by Particulates Using Latex Spheres

1. Purpose

The purpose of the test was to measure the initial efficiency and pressure drop of a medical face mask.

2. Sample description was given by the client

Surgical Mask
Size: 17.5*9.5cm
Model: non-sterile
Lot/Batch#: 20200202

3. References

ASTM F2299-2017

4. Apparatus

Initial Efficiency of Materials testing instrument

5. Test specimen

5.1 Test specimens are complete masks or materials used in medical face masks.

6. Procedure

6.1 The test specimen is placed across the material specimen holder.
6.2 Open the pump and adjust the flow rate to 28 L/min.
6.3 Conduct the material testing in a relative humidity range of 30 to 50% and hold the relative humidity ±5% during a given test.
6.4 Record the pressure drop at 28 L/min.
6.5 Record the upstream and downstream counts and calculate the initial efficiency.
6.6 The procedure described in steps 6.2–6.5 is carried out on 5 mask.

7. Calculation

For each test specimen calculate the initial efficiency as follows:

\[ PFE = \left( 1 - \frac{downstream\ counts}{upstream\ counts} \right) \times 100\% \]
### 8. Test results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Items*</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
<th>Test Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Filtration Efficiency (%)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>99.73</td>
<td>ASTM F2299-2017 Flow rate: 28.1(Liter/min)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>99.68</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>99.80</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>99.83</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>99.76</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ave.</td>
<td>99.76</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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- END OF THE TEST REPORT -
SUBJECT Physical Test

TEST LOCATION TÜV SÜD China
TÜV SÜD Products Testing (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
B-3/4, No.1999 Du Hui Road, Minhang District
Shanghai 201108, P.R. China

CLIENT NAME Guangdong Taibao Medical Science And Technology CO., LTD.

CLIENT ADDRESS Yingge Mountain Avenue North, Yingge Mountain Industrial Park, Puning City, Guangdong Province.

TEST PERIOD 13-Mar-2020~31-Mar-2020

Prepared By

Bella Xu
Report Drafter

Authorized By

Liu
Authorized Signatory

Note: (1) General Terms & Conditions as mentioned overleaf. (2) The results relate only to the items tested. (3) The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the laboratory. (4) Without the agreement of the laboratory, the client is not authorized to use the test results for unapproved propagandas.
Synthetic Blood Penetration Test for Masks

1. Purpose

For evaluating the resistance of medical face masks to penetration by a fixed volume of synthetic blood at a high velocity.

2. Sample description was given by the client

Surgical Mask
Size: 17.5"x9.5cm
Model: non-sterile
Lot/Batch#: 20200202

3. References

ASTM F1862-2017

4. Apparatus and materials

4.1 Synthetic blood
4.2 Tensiometer
4.3 Synthetic blood penetration test apparatus
4.4 Targeting plate
4.5 Air pressure source
4.6 Ruler
4.7 Balance
4.8 Controlled temperature and humidity chamber

5. Test specimen

5.1 As requested by client, take a total of 13 test specimens.
5.2 Prior to testing, condition all test specimens for a minimum of 4h at (21±5)°C and (85±5) % relative humidity.

6. Procedure

6.1 Prepare the synthetic blood (40–44 mN/m) for the test.
6.2 Determine the density of the synthetic blood.
6.3 Fill the reservoir with new synthetic blood.
6.4 Position the test specimen 30.5 cm (12 in.) from the exit of the canula.
6.5 Set the reservoir pressure to the approximate pressure.
6.6 Place the targeting plate approximately 1 cm away from the mask.
6.7 Set the valve timer to 0.5 s. Collect and weigh the amount of fluid delivered (before the targeting hole).
6.8 Set the valve timer to 1.5 s. Collect and weigh the amount of fluid delivered (before the targeting hole).

6.9 Calculate the difference in weight of the two spruts. For a test fluid with a density of 1.005, Table 1 gives the target differences in weight plus lower and upper limits for a velocity range within 2% of the target.

6.10 Adjust the reservoir pressure and repeat steps 6.7 to 6.9 until the weight difference is within the target range.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fluid Pressure (mmHg)</th>
<th>Weight difference for 1 s difference in spurt duration (g)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>2.456</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120</td>
<td>3.002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>160</td>
<td>3.466</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.11 Record the weight difference for the spruts exiting the nozzle.
6.12 Record the pressure in the reservoir.
6.13 Set the valve time to 0.5 s. Collect and weigh the amount of fluid passing through the targeting hole.
6.14 Set the valve time to 1.5 s. Collect and weigh the amount of fluid passing through the targeting hole.
6.15 The difference in weight between the 0.5 s and 1.5 s spruts through the targeting plate shall be within +2 %, -5 % of the difference in weight from the nozzle.
6.16 If the differential weight is less than 95 % of the weight difference exiting the nozzle, check the aim of the stream to make sure it is passing cleanly through the targeting hole.
6.17 If the differential weight is more than 102 % of the weight difference exiting the nozzle, repeat the weight measurements exiting the nozzle (steps 6.7 to 6.11).
6.18 For standard synthetic blood, the timer duration can be estimated using the formula:
   \[(p \text{ is the density of the test fluid}) \times t = 0.5 + (2 \times p - g \text{ at } 0.5 \text{ s}) / (g \text{ at } 1.5 \text{ s} - g \text{ at } 0.5 \text{ s})\].
6.19 Record the timer setting to use as the starting point for subsequent testing.
6.20 Mount a test specimen on the specimen holding fixture. If the mask contains pleats, spread the pleats out when mounting the mask onto the fixture to present a single layer of material as the target area.
6.21 Squirt the synthetic blood onto the test specimen for the calculated time. Ensure that the synthetic blood hits the target area of mask.
6.22 Inspect the inside surface for synthetic blood penetration within 10 s of squirting the synthetic blood against the target area.
6.23 Report the results (none / penetration) for each test specimen at the test pressure.
### Test results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Items*</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
<th>Test Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Penetration of Synthetic Blood Pressure: 160 mmHg</td>
<td></td>
<td>ASTM F1802-2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>None Seen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>None Seen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>None Seen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>None Seen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>None Seen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>None Seen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>None Seen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>None Seen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>None Seen</td>
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<td>11</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>None Seen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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